

ph: 616-365-9220 fx.: 616-365-2668 www.williamsform.com

FINAL TEST DATA

PROJECT: ANCHOR WALL SYSTEM USING #5 GR60

ALL-THREAD REBAR

PROJECT NO: TS1239

CLIENT: CERCORP INITIATIVES INC.

Kevin Heinert – Marketing Engineer – Anchor Systems Rich Timmer – Project Engineer – Engineering Dept. Williams Form Engineering Corp. September 24, 2002 - Released

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Abstract

The purpose of this test program was to determine the tensile capacity of a series of cement grout bonded concrete anchors. The anchors were installed in foundation wall test specimens with various wall thickness dimensions, ranging from eight inches to twelve inches. The test anchors were Williams Form Engineering #5 Grade 60 All-Thread Rebars with an ultimate tensile capacity of 28.8 kips. A grouted anchor was defined as a headed Williams All-Thread Bar embedded twelve inches, installed into a hole in hardened concrete utilizing a high strength grout as the bonding agent. The anchors were spaced sixteen inches apart and each test consisted of a series of three anchors.

The test results revealed that when the concrete test wall was twelve inches thick the average anchor failure load was 29.6 kips, for the ten inch thick walls the average tensile failure load was 26.7 kips and for the eight inch walls the average tensile failure load was 23.3 kips. The failure modes all consisted of a concrete splitting/cone failure, noting that the twelve-inch wall failure still exceeded the bars tensile capacity.



Introduction

Concrete Masonry wall units can be post-tensioned to provide structural support. Williams All-Thread bars can serve as the post-tensioning tendons...anchored into the foundation and connected at the top of the wall with a plate and nut connection. The tendons will be pre-stressed to place the masonry units into compression and thus providing structural support. Williams All-Thread Bars are anchored into a twelve-inch hole at the surface of the foundation, with a hex nut embedded at the bottom of the anchor to serve as a headed stud. The anchor is then filled with a high strength grout as a bonding agent and then extended through the masonry units and attached at the top of the wall with a plate nut assembly. Testing is essential to determine what the pull out capacity of the anchors are for a specific embedment depth, reinforcing pattern, concrete strength and wall geometry. These tests will help provide guidelines for the concrete anchor design portion of the Flex-Wall system. These tests are be performed strictly for reporting anchor behavior under specific parameters (Fc', embedment, wall geometry and reinforcing patterns). Anchor design recommendations will not be reported.



Test Procedures

- 1. concrete wall specimens were formed to reflect "real life application" conditions of the concrete anchors. All concrete test blocks included a specified steel reinforcement pattern consisting of # 4 bar. Concrete cylinders were taken.
- 2. After the concrete hardened (2-3 days), concrete anchor holes were drilled and anchors were placed and grouted. Grout was mixed with the manufactured recommended water cement ratios and was poured into the drill holes. (inserting grout into drill holes with the use of a grout pump is recommended)
- 3. concrete strength was monitored, so that when concrete strengths of 3000psi was achieved the anchors would be tested. Also the cement grout used as the bonding agent was compressive strength tested at that time to ensure that the grout was a minimum of 4000 psi to reduce the chances of pull out or bond failures.
- 4. Two steel channels were placed side by side approximately three inches apart and supported on each end by steel plates. This beam assembly was used to support the test jacks and functioned as a means to ensure that the anchors were loaded in an unconfined condition.
- 5. The test jack assembly consisted of three hydraulic jacks that worked off a single pump. The jacks distributed an equal amount of force to all anchors in the test series.
- 6. Each test consisted of a group of three anchors.
- 7. A dial indicator gauge was used on the center of the three anchors in the test series to measure anchor movement.
- 8. Anchor load was applied in varying intervals.
- 9. Load was applied until a failure occurred and the load at failure and anchor movement was recorded.



Testing Apparatus

- 1. Wms. R51-05 #5 GR60 All Thread Rebar and Wms. R53-05 GR60 hex nut.
- 2. Five Star Fluid 100 Cement Grout
- 3. 2 ea. C12 x 25 steel channels x 60" long
- 4. One dial indicator gauge and mounting equipment
- 5. 3 ea. 30 ton hydraulic test rams (RRH307) with gauge and electric pump
- 6. Manifold that allows three jacks to be used in a series
- 7. Buckets and water for mixing grout
- 8. Hydraulic jack hoses

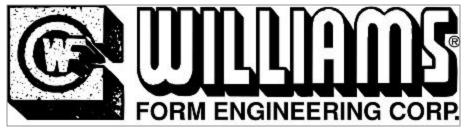
THURSDAY 8-1-01

fu' = 7 DAY (3,880 LBS.)

= 4 DAY (3350 LBS.)

GROUT fu' = 6000 P.S.I. (3 DAY)

TEMP 90° WEATHER - SUNNY

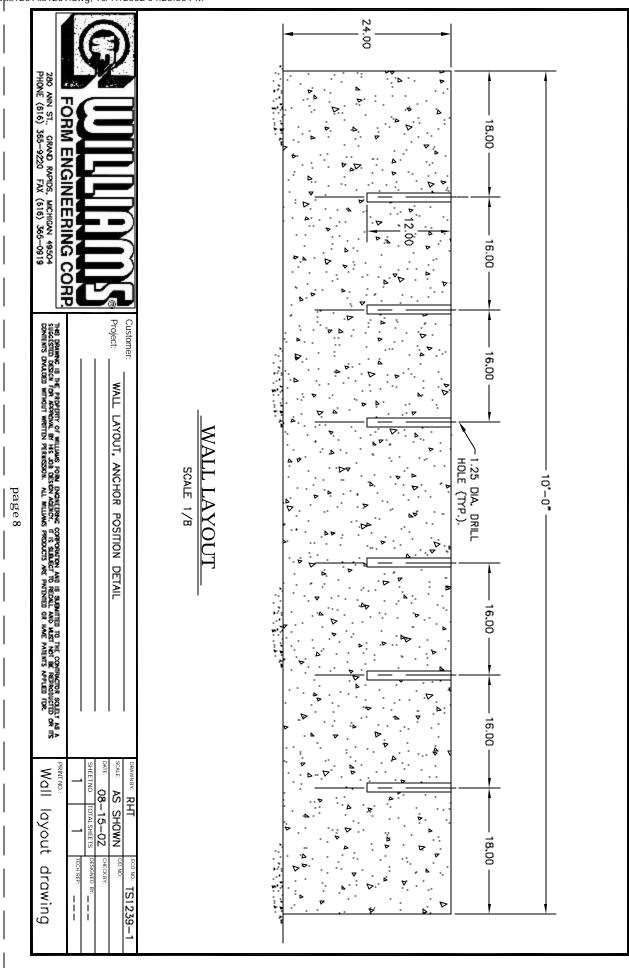


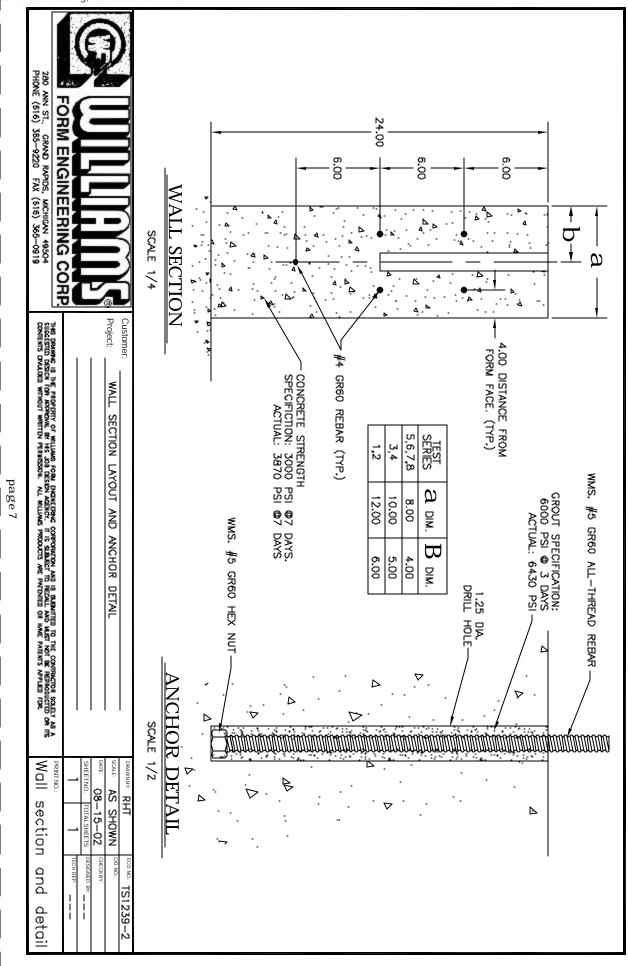
280 ANN ST., GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN 49504 PHONE (616) 365-9220 FAX (616) 365-0919

5 All-Thread Grade 60 Ultimate Strength = 28,800 lbs

fc'= 7 days= 3,870 psi, tests 1-8

		IC=	Failure Load(lbs		Failure Type	Movement
Test series	Wall no.	Wall 8" Thick	·	Wall 12" Thick	Description	on dial indicator at failure load
1	1			28800 lbs.	Concrete Failure	0.053
2	1			30324 lbs.	Stopped Test	n/a
3	2		26714 lbs.		Concrete Failure	n/a
4	2		26714 lbs.		Concrete Failure	0.056
5	3	23104 lbs.			Concrete Failure	0.173
6	3	23104 lbs.			Concrete Failure	n/a
7	4	24548 lbs.			Concrete Failure	0.156
8	4	22382 lbs.			Concrete Failure	0.010
9	5	27436 lbs. (28 day)			Concrete Failure	0.260
10	5	28158 lbs. (28 day)			Concrete Failure	0.300
		AVERAGE	AVERAGE	AVERAGE		
		23284 lbs	26714 lbs	29562 lbs		







esting onsultants, INC.

Job No. 021153

CORPORATE OFFICE: 693 PLYMOUTH, N.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49505 Pour Date: 07/25/02 (616) 456-5469 / FAX (616) 456-5784

NORTHERN MICHIGAN OFFICE: P.O. BOX 3425 TRAVERSE CITY, MI 49685-3425 (231) 922-7111

DJECT: CONCRETE ANCHOR TESTS

CLIENT: WILLIAMS FORM ENGINEERING 280 ANN STREET NW

GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49504

CONTRACTOR:

ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER:

	RE	PORT OF	CONCRETE	COMPRE	SSION TEST	- ASTM C-	39	
Source of Location o	Concre f Plac	te: <u>GRAN</u> ement: <u>T</u>	D RAPIDS EST WALL	GRAVEL S		_ Ticket	No	
Slump in i Entrained Cement in Water Ceme Minimum st 3000	Air in sks./cont Rati	% <u>-</u> u.yd. <u>-</u> io <u>-</u> specifi	Min Min Min Min Max Cation	· -	Max. <u>-</u>	Unit Wt Air Tem Concret Quantit Total At ti	lb p d e Temp ies in cu.yd this pour _ me of test _ truck _	eg.F deg.I s. -
oratory Number 0258 80259 80260 80261	Davs	Days Field Cured 1 1	Type of Cap E E	Type of Fracture C C	Cross section area - sq.in. 28.2 28.2	94510	Compressive strength - p.s.i. 3350 3870	Percent of Design 111 129
Average	7 day	compres	sive str	ength =	3870	_ p.s.i.	Lege	end

Problems and Solutions:		Test date:
		SP = Spare Cyl.
		Cap type:
Para sala		E = Elastometric
Remarks:		S = Sulfur
		Fracture Type:
		C = Cone S = Shear
Tested by: PJ		CS = Cone & Shear
Molded by: CLIENT	Reviewed by: 16-6-67	CSF = Cone & Spli
Distribution:	\mathcal{O}	CO = Columnar
		N = Not Fully
		Fractured
_		

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Job No. <u>021153</u>

CORPORATE OFFICE: 693 PLYMOUTH, N.E. GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49505 Pour Date: 07/29/02 (616) 456-5469 FAX (616) 456-5784

NORTHERN MICHIGAN OFFICE: P.O. BOX 3425 TRAVERSE CITY, MI 49685-3425 (231) 922-7111

:OJECT: ONCRETE ANCHOR TESTS CLIENT:

WILLIAMS FORM ENGINEERING 280 ANN STREET NW

GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49504

CONTRACTOR:

ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER:

REPORT OF CONCRETE COMPRESSION TEST - ASTM C-39

		ete: <u>GRAN</u> cement: <u>-</u>		S GRAVEL		_ Ticke	No	
Slump in Entrained Cement in Water Cem	d Air in n sks./o ment Rad strengt!	n % <u>- </u>	Mi Mi Ma cation	n n n x	s For Mix <u>N</u> Max. <u>-</u> Max. <u>-</u>	Unit We Air Ter Concret Quantit Total At to	mp. <u>-</u> Le Temp Lies in cu	deg.F 1.yds. 1r -
Number 80396 80397 80398	Days 3	Days Field Cured 1 1 1	Type of Cap E E E	Type of Fracture S S S	7.02 7.02 7.02 7.02	pounds 45140	Compressive strength - p. 6430 13900 13950	Percent
Average Problems			ssive s	trength :	= 13950	p.s.:	L.	Legend Test date: SP = Spare Cyl. Cap type:
Remarks: ALL INFORT	y: <u>PJ</u> y: <u>CLIE</u>	WAS PROV	IDED BY		ed by: $\cancel{-}$	<u>0</u>		E = Elastometric S = Sulfur Fracture Type: C = Cone S = Shear CS = Cone & Shear CSP = Cone & Split CO = Columnar N = Not Fully Fractured
<u> </u>								Page 10

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FIVE STAR® FLUID GROUT 100

High Performance Fluid Grout

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Five Star Fluid Grout 100 is the industry's leading cement-based, nonmetallic, nonshrink fluid grout for supporting machinery requiring precision alignment. When tested in accordance with ASTM C 827, Five Star Fluid Grout 100 shows positive expansion. Five Star Fluid Grout 100 meets the performance requirements of ASTM C 1107 and CRD-C 621 specifications for nonshrink grout for Grades A, B and C over a wide temperature range and a long working time.

ADVANTAGES

- Placement within tight clearances
- Early cut back (3 hours)
- High 24 hour strength
- Permanent support for machinery requiring precision alignment
- Does not contain gas generating additives. such as aluminum powder
- Nonshrink from the time of placement
- 95% Effective Bearing Area (EBA) is typically achieved following proper grouting procedures
- Formulated with Devoider® for optimum load transfer
- Locally manufactured under strict quality control standards

USES

- 24 hour start-up time
- Grouting clearances to one-half inch
- Installation of anchors and dowels
- Support of tanks and vessels
- Preplaced aggregate grouting

- Grouting of machinery baseplates to maintain precision alignment
- Nonshrink grouting of structural steel and precast concrete

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Five Star Products maintains the industry's foremost Engineering and Technical Support Group:

- Over 30 years of experience in precision grouting
- Technical Center staffed with experienced engineers available for consultation
- Design-A-Spec[™] for engineering specification assistance
- Experienced representatives for field service
- Corporate research laboratory available to customize products for unique applications

PACKAGING AND YIELD

Five Star Fluid Grout 100 is packaged in heavy-duty, polyethylene lined bags containing 55 lb (24.9 kg), yielding onehalf cubic foot (14.2 liters).

SHELF LIFE

One year in original unopened packaging when stored in dry conditions. Higher humidity will reduce the shelf life.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES AT 73°F (23°C)

	arly Height Change, ASTM C 827
H	ardened Height Change, ASTM C 1090
E	ffective Bearing Area
В	ond Strength, ASTM C 882
	ull-Out Strength, Shear Bond
	135 ksi threaded bar
C	compressive Strength, ASTM C 109

1 Day

3 Days 7 Days 28 Days 0.0 - 4.0% 0.0 - 0.3% 2000 psi (13.8 MPa)/28 Days 2000 psi (13.8 MPa)/7 Days

Min. Water

Max. Water psi (MPa) psi (MPa)² 3500 (24.2) 5800 (40.0) 7500 (51.8) 6000 (41.4) 8000 (55.2) 6500 (44.9) 10000 (69.0) 8000 (55.2)

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100 -125% flow on flow table, CRD-C 621 (ASTM C 230, 5 drops in 3 seconds). 20 to 30 second flow by Corps of Engineers Flow Cone Method, CRD-C 611.

PLACEMENT GUIDELINES

 SURFACE PREPARATION: All surfaces in contact with Five Star Fluid Grout 100 shall be free of oil, grease, laitance and other contaminants. Concrete must be clean, sound and roughened to ensure a good bond.
 Soak concrete surface for 8 to 24 hours prior to application, with liberal quantities of potable water, leaving the concrete saturated and free of standing water.

2. MIXING: Mix Five Star Fluid Grout 100 thoroughly for approximately 5 minutes to a uniform consistency with a mortar mixer. For optimum performance, maintain grout at ambient temperatures between 40°F and 90°F (4°C and 32°C). Use heated or chilled water to help adjust working time. Do not mix to a flow of less than 20-30 seconds through a flow cone per ASTM C 939 and CRD C-611, or a consistency that will cause segregation. Working time is approximately 30 minutes at 73°F (23°C). Follow printed instructions on the package.

METHODS OF PLACEMENT: Five Star Fluid Grout 100 may be poured or pumped into place. For pumping
applications and for placement thicknesses of less than one-half inch (13 mm), or greater than three inches

(75 mm), call the Five Star Products Engineering and Technical Center at 203-336-7900.

4. POST-PLACEMENT PROCEDURES: Grout shoulders may be cut back in approximately three hours after placement. Five Star Fluid Grout 100 shall be wet cured for a minimum of three days, or coated with an approved curing compound after a minimum 24 hour wet cure. In-service operation may begin immediately after the required grout strength has been reached.

NOTE: PRIOR TO APPLICATION, READ ALL PRODUCT PACKAGING THOROUGHLY For more detailed placement procedures, refer to Design-A-Spec™ installation guidelines or call the Five Star

Products Engineering and Technical Center at 203-336-7900.

LIMITATIONS

- At time of placement, if temperatures of equipment and surfaces are not between 40°F and 90°F (4°C and 32°C), refer to Design-A-Spec™ for cold and hot weather grouting procedures.
- Never exceed the maximum water content as stated on the bag or add an amount that will cause segregation.
- For placements thinner than one-half inch (13 mm) or greater than three inches (75 mm), call the Five Star Products Engineering and Technical Center
- · Construction practices dictate concrete foundation should achieve its design strength before grouting.

CAUTION

Contains cementitious material and crystalline free silica. International Agency for Research on Cancer has evaluated that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of inhaled crystalline silica to humans. Take appropriate measures to avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes and contact with skin. In case of contact with eyes, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a physician. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Keep product out of reach of children. PRIOR TO USE, REFER TO MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET.

WARRANTY TIVE STAR PRODUCTS, INC. (FSP) PRODUCTS ARE VANUFACTURED TO BE FREE OF MANUFACTURING DEFECTS AND TO MEET FSP'S CURRENT PUBLISHED PHYSICAL PROPERTIES WHEN APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH FSP'S DIRECTIONS AND TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM AND FSP STANDARDS. HOWEVER, SHOULD THERE BE DEFECTIVE OF MANUFACTURING OF ANY KIND. THE SOLE RIGHT OF THE USER WILL BE TO RETURN ALL MATERIALS ALLEGED TO BE DEFECTIVE PREIGHT PREPAID TO FSP FOR REPLACEMENT THERE ARE NO O'THER WARRANTIES BY FSP OF ANY NATURE WHATSOEVER, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IN CONNECTION WITH THIS PRODUCT. FSP SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR DAMAGES OF ANY SORT, INCLUDING PUNTIVE, ACTUAL, REMOTE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, RESULTING FROM ANY CLAIMS OF BREACH OF CONTRACT, BREACH OF ANY WARRANTY WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF MERCHANTABILITY.

For worldwide availability, additional product information and technical support, contact your local Five Star distributor, local sales representative, or you may call Five Star's Engineering and Technical Center at 203-336-7900.

Corporate Offices
Five Star Products, Inc.
425 Stillson Road
Fairfield, CT 06430
Tel: 203-336-7900
Fax: 203-336-7930

www.fivestarproducts.com

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIVE STAR PRODUCTS, INC 425 Stillson Road

FOR CHEMICAL **EMERGENCY** Call Chem Tel 1-800-255-3924 24 hrs //days par week

Fairfield, CT 06430 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. 1-(800) 255-3924

203-336-7900 Preparer: R.M. Camara, Environmental & Safety Mgr. Signature: Issue Date: 1/15/01

SECTION I - Product Identification: FIVE STAR® GROUT 100, FIVE STAR® FLUID GROUT 100, FIVE STAR® SPECIAL GROUT 110, FIVE STAR® SPECIAL GROUT 120, FIVE STAR® SPECIAL GROUT 130, FIVE STAR® SPECIAL GROUT 150, FIVE STAR® SPECIAL GROUT 200, FIVE STAR® SPECIAL GROUT 120 PG. FIVE STAR® SPECIAL GROUT 120 UW PG

SECTION II - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Components:

CA.S. No.:

OSHA PEL:

ACGIH TLV:

Other Limits:

Hydraulic Cement

5 mg/m1* 15 mg/ms** 10 mg/m³** 50 MPPCF

Silicon Dioxide, Crystalline Silica, Silica Sand SiO, C.A.S. No. 14808-60-7

OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit). Exposure to airbome crystalline silica shall not exceed an 8-hour time-weighted limit as stated in MSHA Standards, Subpart D, Section 56 5001 on air quality specifically "Silica: Crystalline: Quartz (respirable) PEL - TWA = 0.1 mg/m and 29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1-A, Air Contaminants, specifically: Crystalline Quartz (Respirable) 10 mg/m³ / %SiO₂+2 ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Value): Crystalline Quartz TLV-TWA = 0.05 mg/m³ (Respirable Dust). See Threshold Limit Value and Biological Exposure Indices for 1991-1992. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Other Limits Recommended: National institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). Recommended standard maximum permissible concentration = 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable free silica) as determined by a full-shift sample up to 10-hour working day, 40-hour week.

*Respirable Dust **Total Dust

HMIS: Health = 1 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 1 Personal Protection = E

SECTION III: - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point (°F):

N/A N/A Specific Gravity (H,O = 1). Melting Point (*F):

N/A None

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.): Vapor Density: (AIR = 1):

Evaporation Rate: (Butyl Acetale = 1) Appearance and Odor.

Gray, white or brown, finely ground solid-no odor.

Solubility in Water Negligible

SECTION IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: Noncombustible. Flammable Limits: LEL; N/A, UEL N/A.

Extinguishing Media. N/A. Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Not applicable. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards. None.

SECTION V - Reactivity Data

Stability: Unstable: () Stable: (X)

Conditions to Avoid: N/A. incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Strong acids Hazardous Decomposition or Bygroducts: None known. Hazardou

Polymerization: May occur. () Will not occur. (X)

SECTION VI - Health Hazard Data

Routes of Entry: Inhalation: Yes Skin: Yes Ingestion. Yes

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Prolonged overexposure to Crystalline Free Silica Dust above the threshold limit may cause scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath. A delayed lung injury silicosts may result from breathing free silica. Acute: Wet cement, especially as an ingredient in plastic (unhardened) concrete, mortar or slumes, can dry the skin and cause alkali burns. Cement dust can imitate the eyes and upper respiratory system. Chronic: Cement dust can cause inflammation of the lining Ilssue in the interior of the nose and inflammation of the cornea. Carcinogenicity: NTP? Yes. "Known to be a human carcinogen." IARC Monographs? Yes. OSHA Regulated? No. IARC Group 1.

"IARC states there is 'sufficient evidence' for the carcinogenicity of inhaled crystalline silica to humans." Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: May cause coughing, sneezing and nasal irritation. May cause skin Irritation, dryness, burns. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure. Respiratory ailments. Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Remove to fresh air, Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Wash exposed areas with water thoroughly after handling. Product may harden on contact with water. See physician.

SECTION VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps To Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating additional dust. Vacuum or sweep, using methods that do not disperse dust. Emergency procedures are not required. Waste Disposal Method. May be disposed of in an unrestricted sanitary landfill. Precautions To Be Taken in Handling and Storing: Keep dry until used to preserve product utility. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wash thoroughly after handling Other Precautions: None

SECTION VIII - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: Dust mask. OSHA, MSHA or NIOSH-approved respirator. Ventilation: Local Exhaust: Mina council if necessary. Mechanical (General): May be used if necessary. Special: None. Other: None. Protective Gloves: Barrier creams or impervious gloves to protect skin. Eye Protection: OSHA, MSHA or NIOSH-approved tight-fitting goggles or masks. Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Impervious clothing to protect skin from burns. Work/Hygienic Practices: Wash exposed skin thoroughly.

[&]quot;This Information is furnished without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. Five Star Products, Inc. bases the information and recommendations in this document on data believed to be current and accurate."

May 28, 2002

Williams Form Engineering 280 Ann Street, NW Grand Rapids, MI 49504

Re: Concrete Mix Design

Attn: Kevin Heinert

Gentlemen;

We submit for your information the proportions of the concrete mix supplied to you on Friday, May 24, 2002. All weights are saturated surface dry for one cubic yard and are subject to minor adjustment.

Mix 1 - 5,5 sack 1 Inch	211
Cement - Holcim Type I	517 lbs.
Fine aggregate	1480 lbs.
Coarse aggregate - 1 inch max	1860 lbs.
Water	267 lbs.

If you have any questions please feel free to contact us.

Very truly yours;

GRAND RAPIDS GRAVEL COMPANY

James E. English Quality Control

Conversion Chart for 30 Ton Hydraulic Jack

ENERPAC - Double acting

Jack no. RCH307 Ram Area = 7.22 Sq.In. Jack Gauge psi to Bolt Tension in Lbs. (7.22 sq.in. x psi)

GAUGE P.S.I	RAM PRESSURE IN LBS.	GAUGE P.S.I	RAM PRESSURE IN LBS.	
100 noi	702 lbs	4.400 noi	20 CO2 lba	
100 psi	722 lbs. 1,444 lbs.	4,100 psi	29,602 lbs.	
200 psi 300 psi		4,200 psi 4,300 psi	30,324 lbs.	
400 psi	2,166 lbs. 2,888 lbs.	4,400 psi	31,046 lbs. 31,768 lbs.	
500 psi	3,610 lbs.	4,400 psi 4,500 psi	32,490 lbs.	
600 psi	4,332 lbs.	4,600 psi	32,490 lbs. 33,212 lbs.	
700 psi	5,054 lbs.	4,700 psi	33,934 lbs.	
800 psi	5,776 lbs.	4,800 psi	34,656 lbs.	
900 psi	6,498 lbs.	4,900 psi	35,378 lbs.	
1,000 psi	7,220 lbs.	5,000 psi	36,100 lbs.	
1,100 psi	7,220 lbs. 7,942 lbs.	5,000 psi	36,822 lbs.	
1,700 psi 1,200 psi	8,664 lbs.	5,700 psi 5,200 psi	37,544 lbs.	
1,300 psi	9,386 lbs.	5,300 psi	38,266 lbs.	
1,400 psi	10,108 lbs.	5,400 psi	38,988 lbs.	
1,500 psi	10,830 lbs.	5,400 psi 5,500 psi	39,710 lbs.	
1,600 psi	11,552 lbs.	5,600 psi	40,432 lbs.	
1,700 psi	12,274 lbs.	5,700 psi	40,432 lbs. 41,154 lbs.	
1,700 psi 1,800 psi	12,274 lbs. 12,996 lbs.	5,800 psi	41,876 lbs.	
1,900 psi	13,718 lbs.	5,900 psi	42,598 lbs.	
2,000 psi	14,440 lbs.	6,000 psi	43,320 lbs.	
2,000 psi 2,100 psi	15,162 lbs.	6,100 psi	44,042 lbs.	
2,700 psi 2,200 psi	15,762 lbs. 15,884 lbs.	6,200 psi	44,764 lbs.	
2,300 psi	16,606 lbs.	6,300 psi	45,486 lbs.	
2,400 psi	17,328 lbs.	6,400 psi	46,208 lbs.	
2,500 psi	18,050 lbs.	6,500 psi	46,930 lbs.	
2,600 psi	18,772 lbs.	6,600 psi	47,652 lbs.	
2,700 psi	19,494 lbs.	6,700 psi		30%
2,800 psi	20,216 lbs.	6,800 psi	·	lax
2,900 psi	20,210 lbs. 20,938 lbs.	6,900 psi		llow
3,000 psi	21,660 lbs.	7,000 psi		imit
3,100 psi	22,382 lbs.	7,000 psi	51,262 lbs.	IIIIL
3,200 psi	23,104 lbs.	7,100 psi 7,200 psi	51,984 lbs.	
3,300 psi	23,826 lbs.	7,200 psi 7,300 psi	52,706 lbs.	
3,400 psi	24,548 lbs.	7,400 psi	53,428 lbs.	
3,500 psi	25,270 lbs.	7,400 psi 7,500 psi	53,428 lbs. 54,150 lbs.	
3,600 psi	25,270 lbs. 25,992 lbs.	7,600 psi	54,872 lbs.	
3,700 psi	26,714 lbs.	7,700 psi	55,594 lbs.	
3,800 psi	27,436 lbs.	7,700 psi 7,800 psi	56,316 lbs.	
3,900 psi	27,436 lbs. 28,158 lbs.	7,800 psi 7,900 psi	57,038 lbs.	
4,000 psi	28,880 lbs.	8,000 psi	57,760 lbs.	
4,000 psi	20,000 105.	0,000 psi	57,700 IDS.	















Conclusion

In these testes, the full ultimate tensile capacity of the headed #5 Grade 60 All-Thread Bar could be developed in concrete that is approximately 3500- 4000psi with steel reinforcing equivalent to these specifications, twelve inches anchor embedded and a wall thickness of a minimum of twelve inches and two feet high. Anchor spacing closer than sixteen inches is out of the scope of these tests, however anchor spacings larger than sixteen inches may demonstrate larger anchor capacities. (especially in narrower walls). For walls that are ten or eight inches in width, anchor capacity reduction factors should be considered because test results revealed that the full steel capacity of the anchor rod could not be developed. If additional anchor testing is found to be necessary...higher concrete strength and a more aggressive steel reinforcing pattern should be the adjusted parameters. All test failure modes consisted of concrete failure except for test number two. Grout bond failures or pull out failures were not observed in this test program demonstrating that embedment depth, grout selection and anchor deformations are adequate.

It is our opinion that with additional vertical reinforcement and a 5000 psi concrete mix, the full ultimate tensile capacity of the #5 grade 60 All-Thread Bar could possibly be reached in an eight inch wide concrete wall that is a minimum of two feet tall.